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SUBJECT: ANKARA MEDIA REACTION REPORT,

THURSDAY, JUNE 3, 2004

THIS REPORT WILL PRESENT A TURKISH PRESS SUMMARY UNDER THREE THEMES:

HEADLINES BRIEFING EDITORIAL OPINION

HEADLINES

MASS APPEALS

Annan thanks Turkish Cypriots, criticizes Greeks - Aksam Annan praises Turks, angry at Greeks - Milliyet Rice: Erdogan to tell G-8 about Turkey's success - Hurriyet US to leave Iraq in 2006 - Sabah Syria bans Kurdish parties - Aksam Amnesty: Turkish women need 'affirmative action' - Sabah Amnesty: Abuse of Turkish women goes unnoticed - Hurriyet

OPINION MAKERS

Annan report calls for end to `TRNC' isolation - Zaman Papadopulos: Annan has no right to criticize Greek Cypriots - Radikal
`TRNC' to be represented at OIC as `Turkish Cypriot State' - Zaman MFA: Turkey's policy toward Israel unchanged - Zaman Israeli tanks besiege Arafat HQ - Yeni Safak PKK `mine' on Turkey's road to EU - Yeni Safak FM Gul: Occupation forces should withdraw from Iraq - Yeni Safak Brahimi: Bremer Iraq's `dictator' - Cumhuriyet US accuses Chalabi of spying for Iran - Cumhuriyet Putin won't attend NATO Summit - Cumhuriyet

BRIEFING

Cyprus: UN Secretary General Kofi Annan urged the world to end the isolation of Turkish Cypriots as a reward for their support for the UN-backed plan to reunify the island. Annan, in a report to the UN Security Council on the failed plan, praised the Turkish Cypriots and Turkey for having done everything possible to support the plan and criticized Greek Cypriot leader Papadopulos for having campaigned against it. "The Turkish Cypriot vote endorsing the U.N. plan in the April 24 referendum has undone any rationale for isolating them," Annan wrote. `While the Greek Cypriots' judgment must be respected, they should realize they have dealt a major setback to the cause of reunification, he added. `TRNC PM' Mehmet Ali Talat and Ankara have welcomed the report. Dailies note that Papadopulos will meet with Annan on Thursday, but that the Greek Cypriot leader has been refused any official meetings with the US Administration.

Parliamentary delegation to Tel Aviv for Barghouti: A Turkish parliamentary delegation will visit Tel Aviv to extend support to imprisoned Palestinian lawmaker Marwan Barghouti at the final hearing of his trial on June 6, "Zaman" reports. The delegation will also request permission from Israeli authorities to visit Barghouti in prison.

PKK may renew attacks: Hundreds of the 5,000 PKK fighters thought to be in northern Iraq have returned to Turkey in recent months, Turkish authorities said on Wednesday. Security forces went on high alert after a PKK/Kongra-Gel announcement last week announcing the end of the unilateral cease-fire as of June 1. The PKK threat has resurfaced while Turkey is striving to get date from the EU to begin accession talks, "Yeni Safak" notes. The paper also notes that the PKK has decided to take action following the

enactment of key reforms for democratization in southeast Turkey. PKK/Kongra-Gel aims to disrupt such efforts and spoil Turkey's image in Europe, the paper speculates. The MFA spokesman said on Wednesday that the PKK/Kongra-Gel announcement threatening Turkey proves that the PKK is an armed terror organization. `The PKK is on the US and EU terrorist lists, and countries engaged in the struggle against international terrorism should cooperate with us in the fight against the PKK terrorism,' the spokesman stressed.

Amnesty International: Turkish women victims of rape, abuse: According to an Amnesty International report released on Wednesday, up to half of Turkish women are victims of family violence, and many are subject to rape and other forms of physical and verbal abuse. Many Turkish women live in a state of constant fear in a society where honor killings are still practiced against women, Amnesty said. Hundreds of thousands of women in Turkey face fear daily in their homes. Up to half of all women in Turkey are estimated to be victims of physical violence at home, 'Amnesty's Turkey researcher Christina Curry told a news conference in Istanbul. Experts estimate that up to 70 women are killed each year for `dishonoring' their family, but the state has turned a blind eye to much of the violence and little official data exists on the number of women killed or beaten each year. The reports adds that Turkish women suffer inequality at home, in education, and in employment. Women's salaries in Turkey are between 20 and 50 percent of those of Turkish men. The report praised parliament's recent moves to improve the rights of women, including tougher sentencing for rapists and a possible ban on virginity testing. But the report also noted Turkey's failure to comply with several international human rights treaties to which it is a signatory. The report called on high-level Turkish officials, including the prime minister, to issue public condemnations of violence against women

EDITORIAL OPINION: Iraqi Government

"The US is Stumbling"
Yilmaz Oztuna observed in the conservative Turkiye (6/3):
"Things are not going well for the US in Iraq, and there are indications of more complications ahead. On the other hand, it is very unlikely that the US will give up on its policy of a 'Pax Americana.' This policy is based on three targets — oil, terrorism, and support for Israel. The fact is that the US only knew Iraq and Afghanistan in a theoretical way, so the real-life situation has brought about mistake after mistake. The current Iraqi government is yet another example of these mistakes. Even puppet governments should have certain standards, but this one fails even the most basic test. The US mistakes stem from the misconception that giving authority to Kurds will stabilize the future of Iraq. The Kurds do not consider themselves Arab or Iraqi. How could they possibly play a constructive role in the future of the country?"

"It is Hard to Name it Correctly" Sami Kohen commented in the mass appeal Milliyet (6/3): "Until now, it has been called the `Greater Middle East Project,' or GMEP.More recently it is addressed as the Project, or GMEP.More recently it is addressed as the Broader Middle East and Northern Africa Project', or BMENAP. Because final decisions about this project have not yet been made, one cannot be sure whether this name will remain as it is. The BMENAP is not as crude as the GMEP, but it will need a lot of time and effort to shape it properly. Starting from next week, the BMENAP will be presented in various international for a such as the G-8 meeting in the US and the NATO summit in Istanbul. An effort will be made to reflect this concept more concretely. During bilateral discussions, Turkey reiterates that democracy cannot be imposed by force. Priority should be given to economic support for these countries so that the process of reform can be accelerated. NATO should avoid direct intervention and to obtain security cooperation. Turkey has given another important message to Washington in connection with its own role in the project. Turkey is not pretending to be a model for countries in the region, and does not want others to hold it up as a model. However, Ankara is always ready to help countries tha want to use Turkey's past experiences as a model. A Turkish official said that `naturally, we don't want to be left out of a such big project. But we need to contribute on a realistic The message PM Erdogan will be giving next week at the G-8 summit will be in this direction.

"A New Face for the New Colonialism: Iraqi Interim Government" Akif Emre argued in the Islamist-opinion maker Yeni Safak (6/3): "The Iraqi interim government begins a new era for the region, but this does not mean a democratic and free Iraq. It is indeed the beginning of the first act in the Greater Middle East Project. The composition of the interim government has been portrayed as representing the mosaic of Iraq. In fact, it only creates more distortion than before, because the representation system does not have any clear reference to either ethnic or religious balances. The Kurds are treated as privileged allies, and were placed in the critical positions. Given the current cooperation between Kurdish groups and US forces, one might easily guess who will be the collaborators of the colonial power in the future. The US intention is not to achieve a fair distribution of Iraq's natural, political, and cultural resources among the people of Iraq. The US is beginning a new colonialism based on military supremacy. Iraq is the pilot project."

EDELMAN